

Amendment to the Claims:

1. (withdrawn) A targeting construct comprising:
 - (a) a first polynucleotide sequence homologous to a cerberus gene;
 - (b) a second polynucleotide sequence homologous to the cerberus gene; and
 - (c) a selectable marker.
2. (withdrawn) The targeting construct of claim 1, wherein the targeting construct further comprises a screening marker.
3. (withdrawn) A method of producing a targeting construct, the method comprising:
 - (a) providing a first polynucleotide sequence homologous to a cerberus gene;
 - (b) providing a second polynucleotide sequence homologous to the cerl1;
 - (c) providing a selectable marker; and
 - (d) inserting the first sequence, second sequence, and selectable marker into a vector, to produce the targeting construct.
4. (withdrawn) A method of producing a targeting construct, the method comprising:
 - (a) providing a polynucleotide comprising a first sequence homologous to a first region of a cerberus gene and a second sequence homologous to a cerberus gene;
 - (b) inserting a positive selection marker in between the first and second sequences to form the targeting construct.
5. (withdrawn) A cell comprising a disruption in a cerberus gene.
6. (withdrawn) The cell of claim 5, wherein the cell is a murine cell.
7. (withdrawn) The cell of claim 6, wherein the murine cell is an embryonic stem cell.
8. (Currently Amended) A transgenic mouse whose genome comprises a homozygous disruption in the Cer1 gene, said gene comprising thea nucleotide sequence of set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, wherein the disruption comprises a disruption of the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, and wherein said transgenic mouse exhibits, relative to a wild-type mouse, a phenotype selected from the group consisting of a decrease in average velocity of movement during open field testing, a decrease in total distance traveled during open field testing, an increase in the number of fecal boli during open field testing, and a decrease in total time immobile during the tail suspension test.
9. (withdrawn) A cell derived from the non-human transgenic animal of claim 8.

10. (Currently Amended) A method of producing ~~the~~ a transgenic mouse ~~of claim 8 comprising a homozygous disruption in a cerberus gene set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1~~, the method comprising:

- (a) introducing a construct that targets the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 into a mouse embryonic stem cell;
- (b) introducing the embryonic stem cell into a blastocyst;
- (c) implanting the resulting blastocyst into a pseudopregnant mouse, wherein said pseudopregnant mouse gives birth to a chimeric mouse; and
- (d) breeding the chimeric mouse to produce ~~the said~~ transgenic mouse ~~comprising a disruption in the cerberus gene, wherein the transgenic mouse when homozygous for the disruption exhibits, relative to a wild-type mouse, a phenotype selected from the group consisting of a decrease in average velocity of movement during open field testing, a decrease in total distance traveled during open field testing, an increase in the number of fecal boli during open field testing, and a decrease in total time immobile during the tail suspension test.~~

11. (withdrawn) A method of identifying an agent that modulates the expression of a cerberus, the method comprising:

- (a) providing a non-human transgenic animal comprising a disruption in a cerberus gene;
- (b) administering an agent to the non-human transgenic animal; and
- (c) determining whether the expression of cerberus in the non-human transgenic animal is modulated.

12. (withdrawn) A method of identifying an agent that modulates the function of a cerr1, the method comprising:

- (a) providing a non-human transgenic animal comprising a disruption in a cerberus gene;
- (b) administering an agent to the non-human transgenic animal; and
- (c) determining whether the function of the disrupted cerberus gene in the non-human transgenic animal is modulated.

13. (withdrawn) A method of identifying an agent that modulates the expression of cerr1, the method comprising:

- (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a cerberus gene;
- (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and

- (c) determining whether expression of the cerberus is modulated.
- 14. (withdrawn) A method of identifying an agent that modulates the function of a cerberus gene, the method comprising:
 - (a) providing a cell comprising a disruption in a cerberus gene;
 - (b) contacting the cell with an agent; and
 - (c) determining whether the function of the cerberus gene is modulated.
- 15. (withdrawn) The method of claim 13 or claim 14, wherein the cell is derived from the non-human transgenic animal of claim 8.
- 16. (withdrawn) An agent identified by the method of claim 11, claim 12, claim 13, or claim 14.
- 17. (new) The transgenic mouse of claim 1 further exhibiting anti-depressive behavior and/or hypoactivity.